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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/707,738	11/06/2000	Alessandro Sette	18623006250	8820
20350 7	7590 02/11/2003			
TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER EIGHTH FLOOR			EXAMINER	
			DECLOUX, AMY M	
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111		4	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1644	+1
			DATE MAILED: 02/11/2003	′′

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
•	09/707,738	SETTE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Amy M. DeCloux	1644			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status	July 2002 and 25 November 2002)			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 July 2002 and 25 November 2002. 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
,		rosecution as to the merits is			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 78-83 is/are pending in the application	on.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>78-83</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	pted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exa				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12)⊠ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.					
15) ⚠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) Notice of Informal	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 78-79, in Paper No. 14, filed 7-30-02, is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the claims of Group II are entirely encompassed by those of Group I. Upon reconsideration and in view of Applicant's persuasive arguments, Group II (Claims 80-83) has been rejoined with Group I.

Applicant's election of the species of AKXVAAWTLKAAA in Paper No. 16, filed 11-25-02, is acknowledged. Since no art was found the search has been extended to encompass the remaining species.

Claims 78-79 and 80-83 are pending and under consideration presently.

Priority

Applicant is not entitled to priority to 08/121,101 due to lack of support for the pending claims. Applicant is invited to point out support for instant claims 78-82.

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because it contains an embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. Applicant is required to delete the embedded hyperlink and/or other form of browser-executable code. See MPEP § 608.01. Specifically, line 30 of page 19 discloses a hyperlink.

Oath/Declaration

The oath or declaration is defective. A new oath or declaration in compliance with 37 CFR 1.67(a) identifying this application by application number and filing date is required. See MPEP §§ 602.01 and 602.02.

The oath or declaration is defective because:

Non-initialed and/or non-dated alterations have been made to the oath or declaration. See 37 CFR 1.52(c). See the alterations in the date section after the name of Inventor Howard Grey.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

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Claims 80-83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claims 80-83 are not supported by the specification or by the claims as originally filed. There is no support in the specification or claims as originally filed for the recited subgenus of peptides. The proscription against the introduction of new matter in a patent application (35 U.S.C.132 and 251) serves to prevent an applicant from adding information that goes beyond the subject matter originally filed. Specifically, Applicant has carved out a subgenus as admitted by Applicant on page 5 of Applicant's amendment filed 11-6-00, wherein Applicant states that "The peptides represented by Claim 80 correspond to a subset of peptides claimed in claim 78". Said dubset is not disclosed in the instant disclosure, nor in parent application 08/305,871, now US Patent 5,736,142, which is where Applicant claims supprot for the instant claims (see page 4 of said response). By carving out said subgenus, Applicant is introducing elements or limitations which are not supported by the as-filed disclosure violate the written description requirement. See, e.g., In re Lukach, 442 F.2d 967, 169 USPQ 795 (CCPA 1971) (subgenus range was not supported by generic disclosure and specific example within the subgenus range); In re Smith, 458 F.2d 1389, 1395, 173 USPQ 679, 683 (CCPA 1972) (a subgenus is not necessarily described by a genus encompassing it and a species upon which it reads) (see MPEP 21.63). There is no written description of the claimed invention in the specification or claims as originally filed. Thus the claimed invention constitutes new matter.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 78-79 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 34 of U.S. Patent No. 5,736,142. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the instant claims are broader in scope due to its recitation of the open language of comprising a peptide of fewer than 30 amino acids, while the patented claim used closed language which

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encompassed peptides ranging in size from 10-15 amino acids. Said limitation is obvious in view of the disclosure by '142 that said peptides that bind antigen binding sites on MHC molecules encoded by multiple alleles of a DR locus are between about 4 and about 20 amino acids, (see entire patent, especially column 2, lines 40-67 and column 3, lines 1-20).

Further, instant Claim 79 is more limited in scope by limiting the amino terminus and carboxyl terminus to comprise D-amino acids. Said limitation is obvious in view of the disclosure by '142 that modifying the N or C termini increases the stability of the peptide in vivo, (see entire patent, especially column 9, lines24-26).

Conclusion

No Claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amy M. DeCloux whose telephone number is 703 306-5821. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Christina Chan can be reached on 703 308-3973. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 872-9306 for regular communications and 703 872-9307 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308-0196.

Amy DeCloux, Ph.D.
Patent Examiner,

Group 1640,

February 10, 2003